Biographical Sketch

EDUCATIONAL BACKGROUND Undergraduate	
B.A. [Majors: Psychology and Biology] Ripon College; Ripon, WI *Phi Beta Kappa	1954-1958
Graduate	
 Ph.D. [Biochemistry and Genetics] M. D. Anderson Hospital & Tumor Inst.; Houston, TX/jointly with the University of Texas; Austin, TX *Predoctoral Fellowship: NIH 	1959-1963
ACADEMIC EMPLOYMENT	
University of Washington School of Medicine; Dept. of Microbiology; Seattle, WA *NIH Postdoctoral Fellow and Research Instructor with Eugene W. Nester	1964-1966
State University of New York at Buffalo; Dept. of Biology; Buffalo, NY Assistant Professor	1966-1968
Baylor College of Medicine; Dept. of Microbiology; Houston, TX Associate Professor *NIH Career Development Award	1968-1973
M. D. Anderson Hospital & Tumor Institute; Dept. of Biology; Houston, TX Associate Professor	1974-1976
State University of New York at Binghamton; Dept. of Biology; Binghamton, NY Professor	1976-1986
University of Florida; Dept. of Microbiology & Cell Science; Gainesville, FL Professor	1986-2000
University of Florida; Dept. of Microbiology & Cell Science; Gainesville, FL Emeritus Professor	2000-present
University of Chicago; Dept. of Computer Science; Chicago, IL Professor (part time)	2007-present
ADMINISTRATIVE POSITIONS	
U. S. Atomic Energy Commission/Energy Development Administration/Dept. of Energy; Germantown, MD Geneticist/Molecular Biologist for Biomedical Programs	1973-1976
Center for Somatic-cell Genetics & Biochemistry; SUNY at Binghamton; Binghamton, NY Director	1976-1986
Biomedical Research Support Grant SUNY at Binghamton; Binghamton, NY Director	1978-1986
MetaGene Corporation (a biotechnology company working on novel herbicides and antimicrobials active against phytopathogenic bacteria); Progress Park; Gainesville, FL President	1987-1997

RESEARCH FUNDING

R. Jensen has received research funding for a career total of more than eight million dollars from many of the major granting agencies, including NIH, NSF, DOE, NASA and USDA.

PATENT

"Novel Method and Compositions for the Selective Control of Weeds, Pest and Microbes" 1994

PUBLICATIONS

R. Jensen has published more than 225 research articles and reviews in the major journals of biochemistry, microbiology, genetics and evolution.

WEBSITES

www.aropath.lanl.gov and <u>http://theseed.uchicago.edu/FIG/Html/tyrASubsystem.html</u>

MILESTONE ACCOMPLISHMENTS

Delineation of the regulatory mechanism named Sequential Feedback Inhibition in *Bacillus subtilis* was one of the early findings indicating that alternative patterns of allosteric control existed in nature for the control of branched biochemical pathways. Comparative work in the Jensen Lab has since demonstrated a variety of allosteric control patterns in bacteria and in plants.

Formulation of the "Recruitment Hypothesis" (also called the "Patchwork Hypothesis") in 1976 is frequently cited as a credible mechanism for differential specialization of homologous proteins and the expansion of metabolic repertoires.

Discovery and proof-of-structure of L-Arogenate (first named pretyrosine) was accomplished using a cyanobacterium, where it was demonstrated as a precursor of L-tyrosine. It was later shown to be a precursor of L-phenylalanine (or of both amino acids) in certain other organisms.

The nature of pathway diversity for phenylalanine and tyrosine biosynthesis at the enzymological level has been elucidated by a comprehensive program for characterization of enzymes and their regulation from a variety of plant and microbial organisms over a period of 40 years. These include broad-specificity enzymes utilizing both prephenate and L-arogenate (cyclohexadienyl dehydrogenase and cyclohexadienyl dehydratase), as well as narrow-specificity enzymes utilizing only *L*-arogenate or only prephenate.